

Air Pollution Policy and Implications

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Outline

- The policy framework
- An “effects-based” approach
- European agreements
- National Air Quality Strategy
- Current policy focus
- Where next?
- How the conservation agencies can help

Policy Framework

- Local, national, European, even hemispheric effects of air pollution on health, materials and vegetation
- **National Air Quality Strategy:**
 - Health objectives for 8 air pollutants
 - Ecosystem objectives for NO_x and SO₂
- **UNECE Protocols, EU Directives on emissions, air quality objectives, sector/technology specific controls**

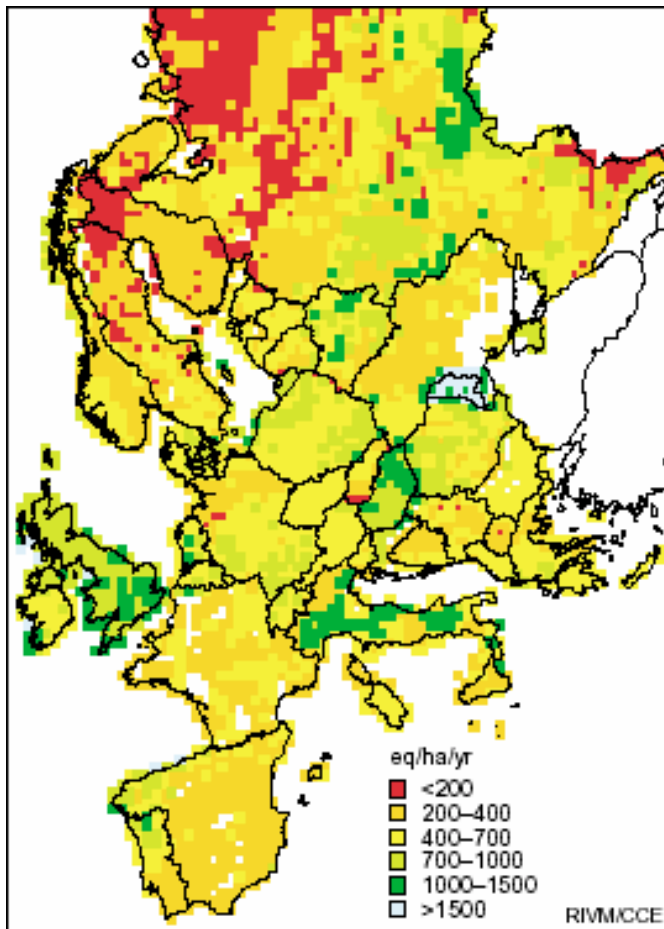
UNECE



- 1979 Convention on Long Range Transboundary Air Pollution
 - 1985 – 1991 Protocols (SO_2 , NO_x , VOCs): straightforward % emission cuts
 - Simple and intelligible to policy makers, but impacts not quantified
- ⇒ Effects-based approach

Critical Load Concept

Nut N



- **Critical Load:** “a quantitative estimate of exposure to one or more pollutants below which significant harmful effects on specified elements of the environment do not occur according to present knowledge”
- **Exceedance:** deposition above critical load
- **‘Gap closure’** : identify emission reduction scenarios to reduce exceedance

Effects-based Approach

- 1994 Oslo Protocol (further cuts in SO₂)
Aimed to gradually attain critical loads for acidity
- 1999 **Gothenburg Protocol** (Multi-pollutant, multi-effect Protocol)
- Set ceilings for SO₂, NO_x, VOCs and **NH₃** to be achieved by 2010
- Scheduled for **Review** in 2004/5

EU

- EC 1997 Acidification Strategy – effects-based approach
- 2001 National Emission Ceilings Directive (Review in 2004/5)
- EC 1996 Air Quality Framework Directive
- Daughter Directives: ozone, NO_x, PM₁₀, etc. + 2 objectives for ecosystems

What will these commitments bring?

- Reduction in critical load exceedence (%ecosystem area)
- But areas still at risk
- Including many conservation areas

ACIDITY

1995-7 66.5% area

2010 40% area

NUTRIENT N

1995-7 62% area

2010 44% area

Air Quality Strategy - UK

- 8 objectives on health effects of air pollutants

- 2 Ecosystem and vegetation objectives:

NO_x annual mean **30** micrograms / m³

SO₂ annual & winter mean **20** micrograms / m³

But not in exclusion zones:

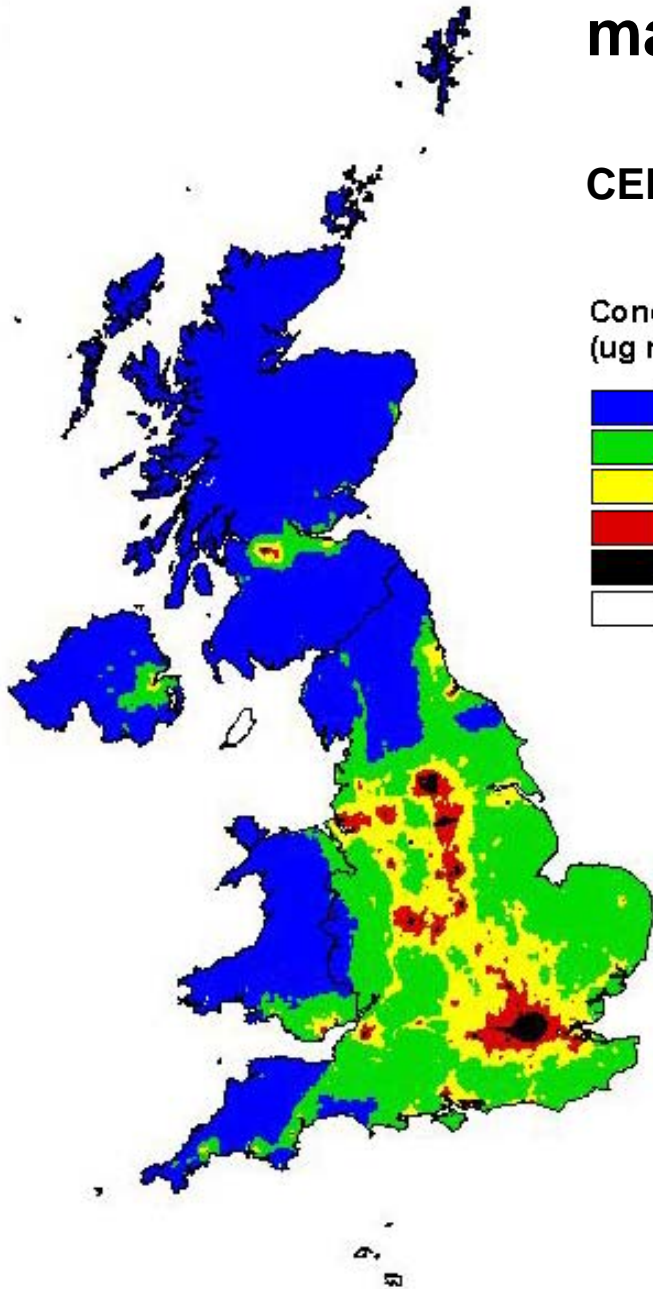
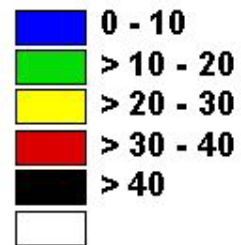
< 20 km from agglomeration

< 5 km from motorways, built-up areas and industrial plant

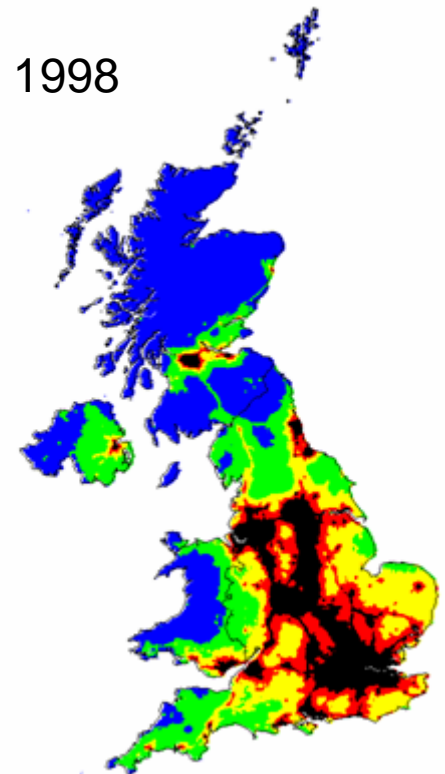
2010 concentration map for NOx

CEH, 2001

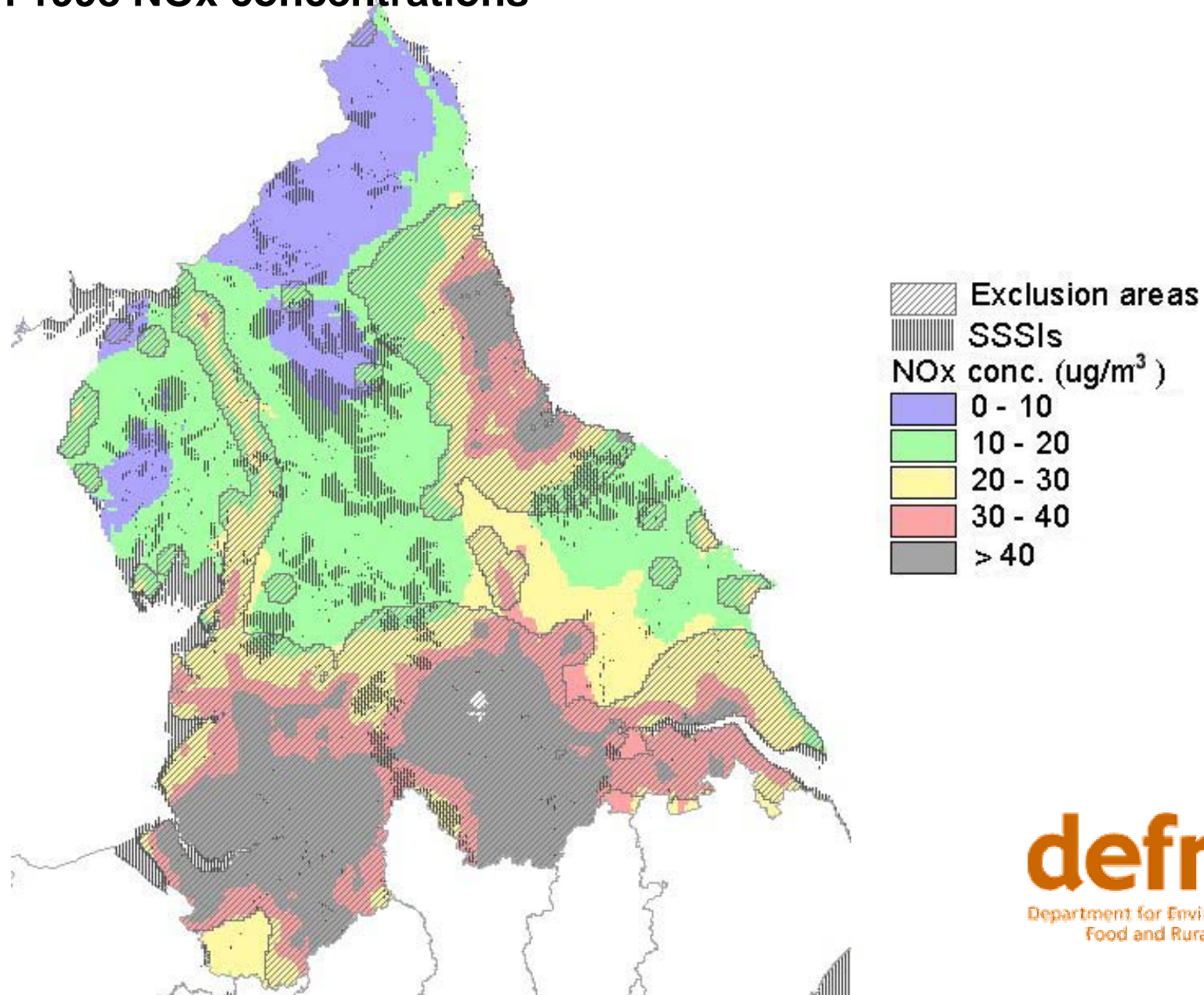
Concentration
($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$)



1998



EXAMPLE: Location of SSSIs in Northern England with 1998 NOx concentrations



Air Quality Strategy

- Current ecosystem objectives are met
- BUT large areas within exclusion zones exceed NOx critical level
- Other pollutants and deposition not included
- How to strengthen objectives for ecosystems?
- Targets for conservation sites?
- Priority pollutants?
- Link with Habitats Directive, IPPC, etc
- Site-relevant information needed

Ammonia – a new challenge

- Significant local and long-range effects
- Mainly from livestock manure
- IPPC controls for large pig & poultry units
- Annual emission ceiling for 2010

- Defra research on abatement options
- Abatement difficult - risk of diverting pollution
- “Ammonia in the UK” booklet

Policy relevant issues

- Significant ecosystem areas still “at risk” in 2010
- Damage/recovery intrinsically **slow**
- Field evidence emerging – CS2000, Plant Atlas
- Condition of conservation sites?
- Habitat management – role and extent?

- Further emission cuts will be **costly**
- So far, policy focus on national & European scale, need more **fine scale** information

UK: Where next....?

- Air Quality Strategy: strengthen ecosystem objectives (currently SO₂, NO_x critical levels)
- A focus on Conservation sites
- Evidence, risks, new AQS objectives
- Ammonia – potential UK abatement strategies

Europe: Where next....?

- Preparation for Gothenburg/NECD review: focus on ammonia, particles
- Sulphur Emissions from Ships – EU negotiations
- Other controls: solvents, large combustion plant
- Climate change interactions
- Global ozone – hemispheric approach?

How the Agencies can help

**Scale of the
problem**

Raise profile

**Identify targets,
guide air
pollution policy**

**Link to Habitat
Directive, BAPs**

**Site monitoring
& management**

**Thank you for
your attention**