

NATURA 2000

STANDARD DATA FORM

FOR SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS (SPA)
FOR SITES ELIGIBLE FOR IDENTIFICATION AS SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (SCI)
AND
FOR SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION (SAC)

1. Site identification:

1.1 Type 1.2 Site code

1.3 Compilation date 1.4 Update

1.5 Relationship with other Natura 2000 sites

1.6 Respondent(s)

1.7 Site name

1.8 Site indication and designation classification dates

date site proposed as eligible as SCI	
date confirmed as SCI	
date site classified as SPA	199803
date site designated as SAC	

2. Site location:

2.1 Site centre location

longitude	latitude
01 50 06 W	57 24 03 N

2.2 Site area (ha) 2.3 Site length (km)

2.5 Administrative region

NUTS code	Region name	% cover
UKM10	Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire and North East Moray	2.4%
0	Marine	97.7%

2.6 Biogeographic region

Alpine

Atlantic

Boreal

Continental

Macaronesia

Mediterranean

3. Ecological information:

3.1 Annex I habitats

Habitat types present on the site and the site assessment for them:

Annex I habitat	% cover	Representativity	Relative surface	Conservation status	Global assessment

3.2 Annex I birds and regularly occurring migratory birds not listed on Annex I

Code	Species name	Population			Site assessment				
		Resident	Breed	Winter	Stage	Population	Conservation	Isolation	Global
A009	<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>		1765 P			C		C	
A184	<i>Larus argentatus</i>		4292 P			B		C	
A018	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>		1045 P			B		C	
A188	<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>		30452 P			B		C	
A199	<i>Uria aalge</i>		8640 P			C		C	

4. Site description:

4.1 General site character

Habitat classes	% cover
Marine areas. Sea inlets	96.1
Tidal rivers. Estuaries. Mud flats. Sand flats. Lagoons (including saltwork basins)	
Salt marshes. Salt pastures. Salt steppes	
Coastal sand dunes. Sand beaches. Machair	
Shingle. Sea cliffs. Islets	1.1
Inland water bodies (standing water, running water)	
Bogs. Marshes. Water fringed vegetation. Fens	0.0
Heath. Scrub. Maquis and garrigue. Phygrana	0.2
Dry grassland. Steppes	
Humid grassland. Mesophile grassland	2.5
Alpine and sub-alpine grassland	
Improved grassland	
Other arable land	
Broad-leaved deciduous woodland	
Coniferous woodland	
Evergreen woodland	
Mixed woodland	
Non-forest areas cultivated with woody plants (including orchards, groves, vineyards, dehesas)	
Inland rocks. Scree. Sands. Permanent snow and ice	
Other land (including towns, villages, roads, waste places, mines, industrial sites)	
Total habitat cover	100%

4.1 Other site characteristics

Soil & geology:

Acidic, Granite, Metamorphic, Quartzite, Sand

Geomorphology & landscape:

Cave/tunnel, Caves, Cliffs, Coastal, Crags/ledges, Geos (rocky inlets), Intertidal rock, Open coast (including bay), Surge gullies

4.2 Quality and importance

ARTICLE 4.2 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC): AN INTERNATIONALLY IMPORTANT ASSEMBLAGE OF BIRDS

During the breeding season the area regularly supports:

95000 seabirds - 1985-1988 Seabird Register Census in Lloyd et al 1991

Including:

Fulmarus glacialis , *Larus argentatus* , *Phalacrocorax aristotelis* , *Rissa tridactyla* , *Uria aalge* .

4.3 Vulnerability

There are no significant threats to the interest at present. The Scottish Wildlife Trust Longhaven Reserve covers part of the site.

The cliffs are used by the general public for recreation, mainly along the waymarked coastal path. Some of the cliffs are used for rock-climbing. SNH is engaged in a programme of monitoring seabird populations, and is working with the local authority, and owners and occupiers, to agree a programme of path improvements and site interpretation.

5. Site protection status and relation with CORINE biotopes:

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level

Code	% cover
UK04 (SSSI/ASSI)	3.9